

# Characterizing and Structuring Urban Data for Housing Stock Energy Modeling

Presented by:

SeyedehRabeeh HosseiniHaghighi

Supervised by:

Prof. Eicker

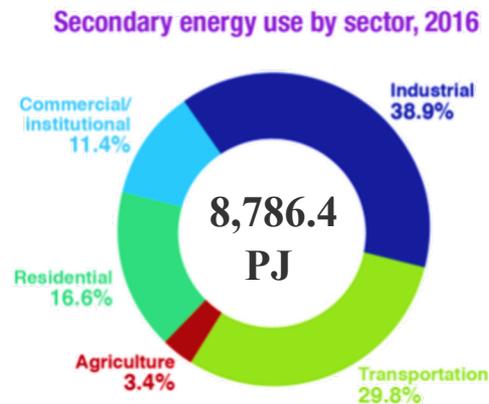
The master thesis defence

April 12 2021

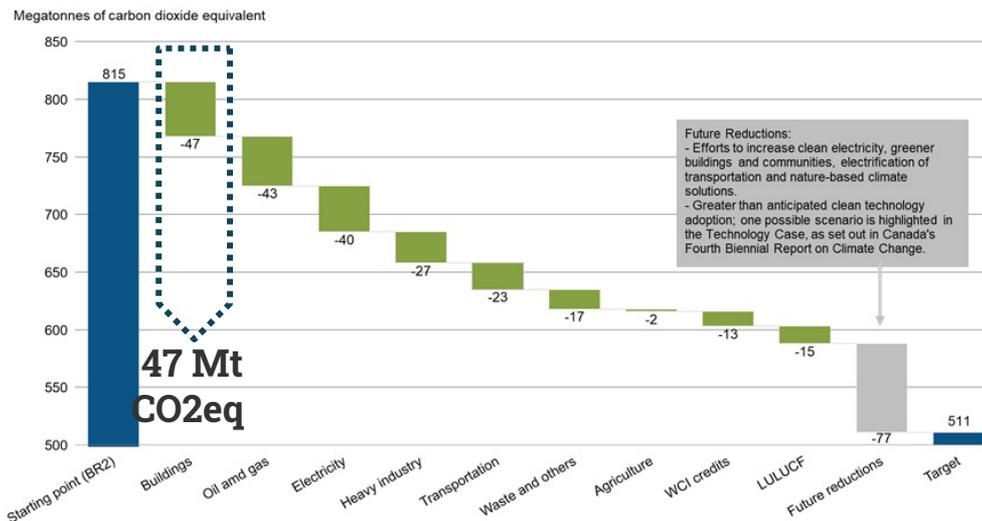
# Introduction

## ❖ Canada priorities to reduce CO<sub>2</sub>e (near zero by 2050) [1]

- Clean electricity
- Greener buildings and communities
- Context/nature-based climate solutions



## Building Section



Contribution of different sectors in projected Mt CO<sub>2</sub> eq reduction in 2030 relative to 2015 [2]

## Introduction

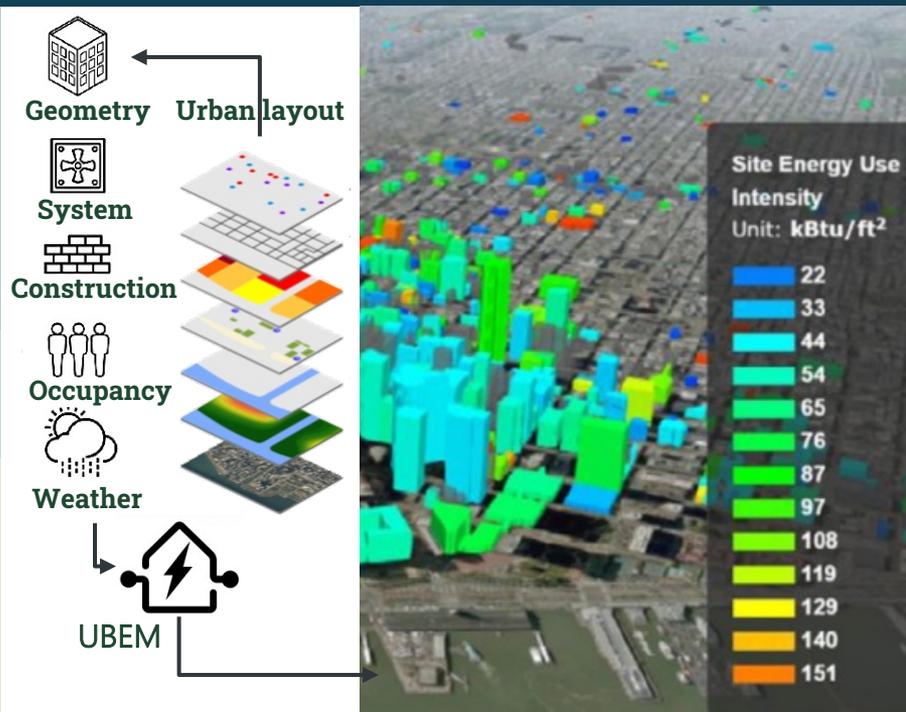
Building-stock energy mapping allows a deep understanding of building energy performance versus social, economic, physical, and environmental characteristics of cities and supports opportunities to enhance energy and environmental policies.

### ❖ Canadian Energy End-use Mapping (CEEMap) Project

Identify a harmonized data incorporation, characterization, and energy performance evaluation process, for a consistent online-authorized platform to support stakeholder groups and energy retrofit planning [3].

**CanmetENERGY-Ottawa**

## Problem statement



- Urban building energy modeling (UBEM) requires multiple datasets
- There is a gap between available data and required parameters for energy performance modeling
- No harmonized urban datasets available to model status quo and future low carbon building retrofits

## Literature review

<b>Author</b>	<b>City/ Country</b>	<b>scale</b>	<b>Methodology</b>	<b>UBEM/vis ualization Platform</b>	<b>Energy Metered dataset</b>	<b>Urban dataset</b>	<b>Archetype</b>
<b>Chen et al. 2019 [4]</b>	San Francis co	City	<b>Modeling Mapping</b>	No/GIS	Yes	<b>Footprint, Land Use, Accessory GIS dataset,</b>	<b>The U.S. reference building archetype</b>
<b>Ali et al. 2018 [5]</b>	Ireland/ Dublin	City	<b>Modeling Simulation Mapping</b>	GIS/GIS	Yes	<b>Census surveys data</b>	<b>TABULA library/ Customized model</b>
<b>Delmastro et al. 2017 [6]</b>	Italy	City	<b>Simulation Mapping</b>	GIS/GIS	Yes	<b>Census survey, Footprint outline</b>	<b>TABULA library</b>
<b>Davila et al. 2016 [7]</b>	The U.S./ Boston	District	<b>Modeling Simulation</b>	Rhinocero s/No	No	<b>Tax Parcels, footprint, Tax Record Lite and Full</b>	<b>The U.S. reference building archetype Customized model</b>

## Literature and research gap

- No harmonized methodology for urban data preparation for urban building energy modeling
- Little use of supplementary datasets (such as building permits) to enrich the urban building dataset and aid decision making
- Lack of a methodology for actively maintaining a GIS dataset usable for energy mapping

## Objectives

- ❖ Assess the urban datasets challenges for data extraction regarding the urban building energy model (UBEM) requirements
- ❖ Present an urban data-based methodology to develop the building datasets for a data-driven UBEM application
- ❖ Map urban building energy demand and future scenarios for a case study neighborhood

# Methodology

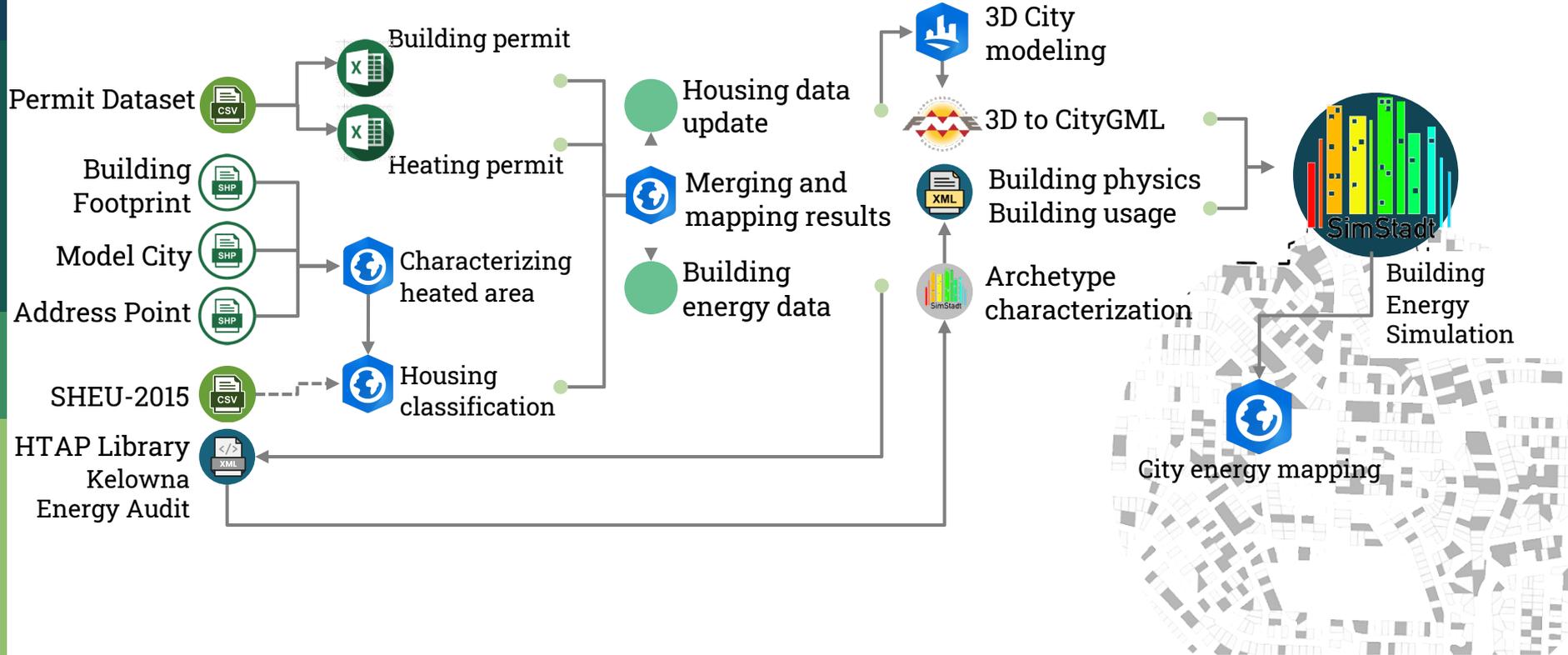
## Data description

## Data processing

## Data consolidation

## Data modeling

## Simulation and mapping

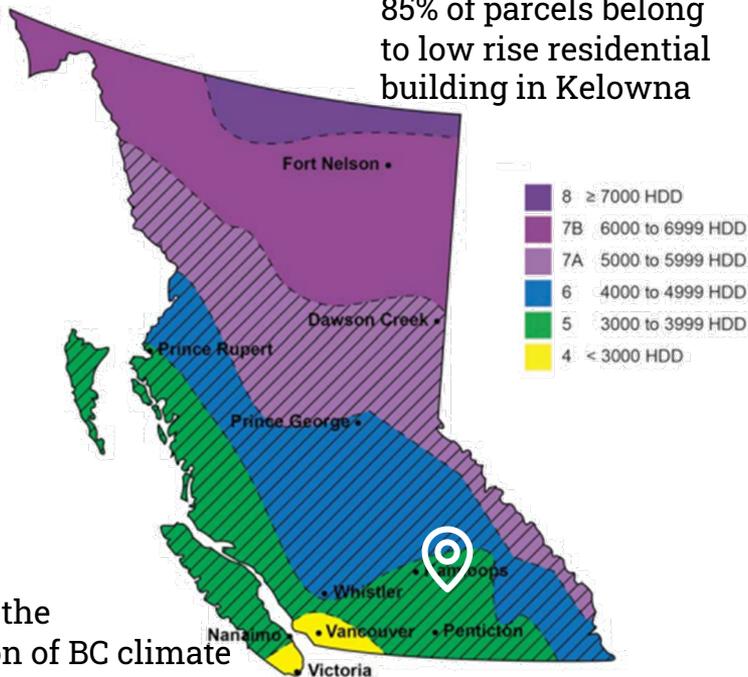


# Case Study

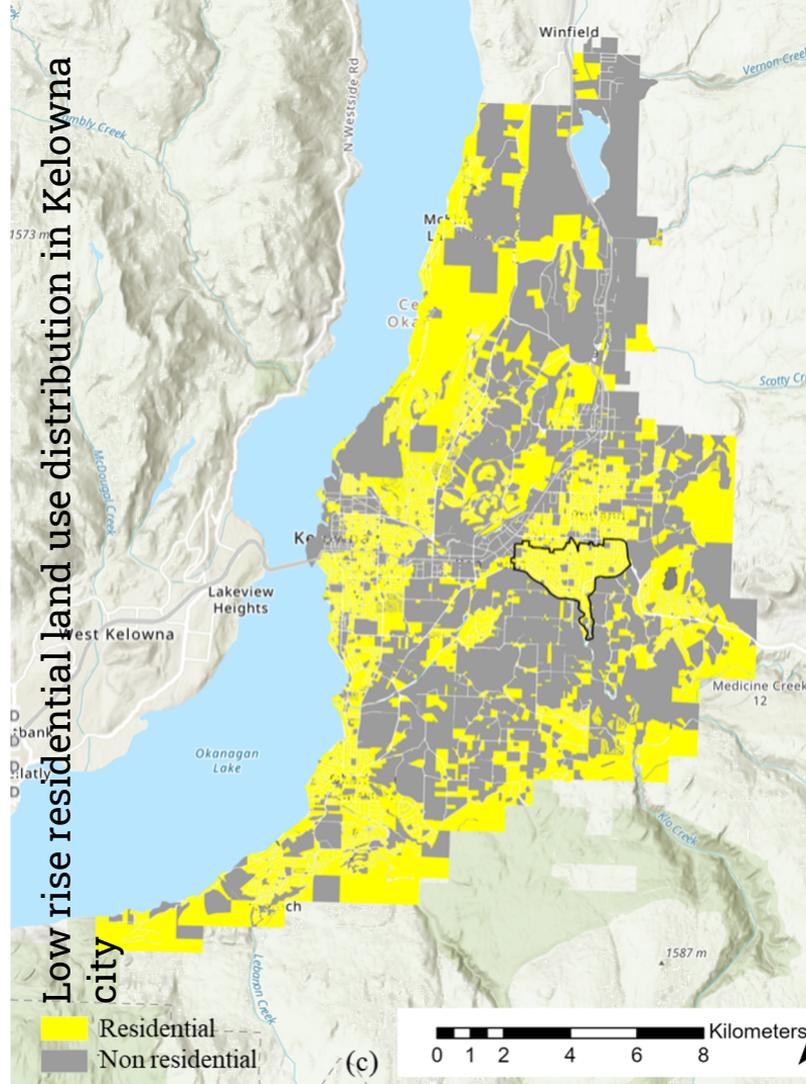
City of Kelowna

# Case study

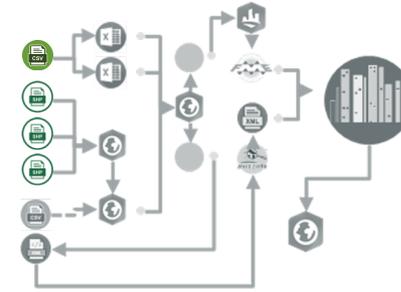
85% of parcels belong to low rise residential building in Kelowna



Kelowna in the classification of BC climate zone



# Data potentials and challenges



## Model City



Critical building information (floor area, story number, construction year)  
 Aggregated values for floor area  
 Missing values  
 Aggregated dataset  
 No coding for dwellings



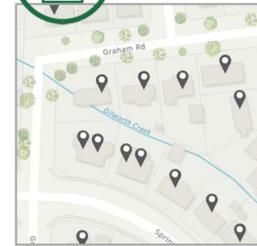
## Footprint



Approximate boundary of buildings  
 No clarification between accessory structure and living area  
 Error in measured footprint and building height



## Address Point



Determination of living area  
 Human error in point placing



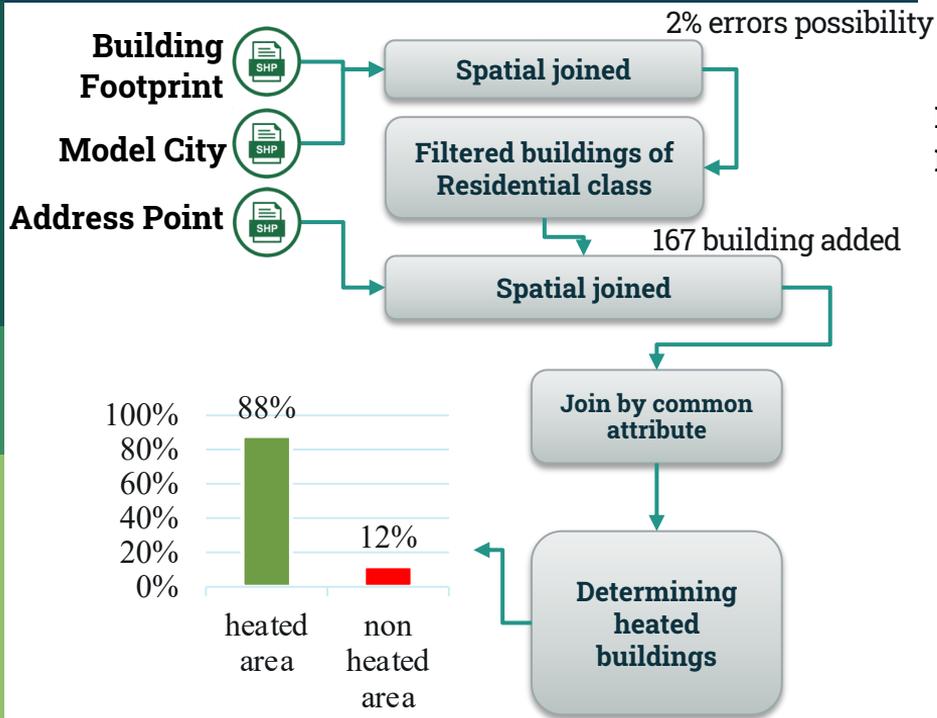
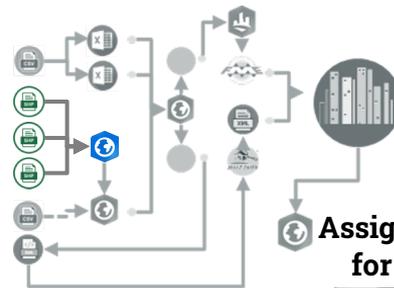
## Building Permit

Abbreviation	NumID
AIDS Bone	9712153
AIDS Care	8915313
AIDS Educ Prev	9020873
AIDS Patient Care STDS	9607225
AIDSR Am J Neurobiol	8037508
ASAIQ J	9204109
Acad Emerg Med	9418480
Acad Radiol	9440159
Acad Anal Prev	1244476
Acta Clin Cognit	0372031
Acta Clin Croat	9425483
Acta Endocrinol	9207099
Acta Med Croatica	9208249
Acta Med Iran	14540050R
Acta Neurochir (Wien)	0515000
Acta Neurol Scand	0370336
Acta Odontol Scand	0370344
Acta Psychol (Amst)	0370366
Acta Trop	0370374
Acta Ther	8611864
Aging Res Rev	101128963
Aging Clin Exp Res	101122095
Aliment Pharmacol Ther	8302234
Am J Addict	9208821
Am J Sports Med	7609541

25 history of registered building and heating permit  
 Covering construction and heating system retrofit  
 No standard for data classification  
 No supporting documents for abbreviation  
 Large number of missing values and word description

# Data processing

## Characterizing heated area



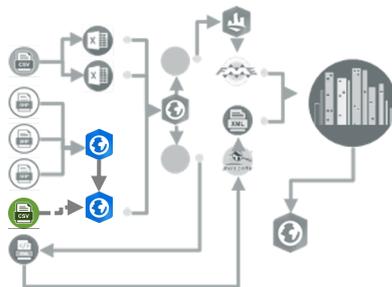
Main building of the parcel (heated area)

Accessory building of the parcel (non heated area)

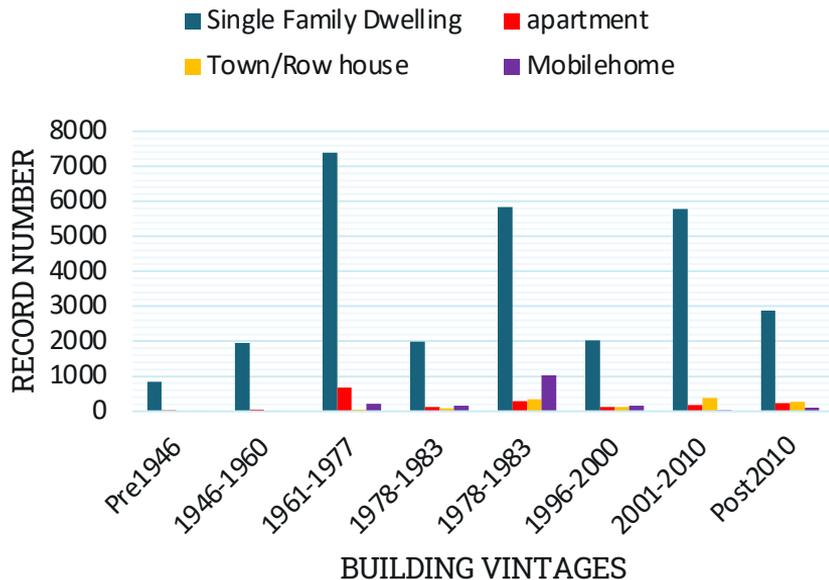


# Data processing

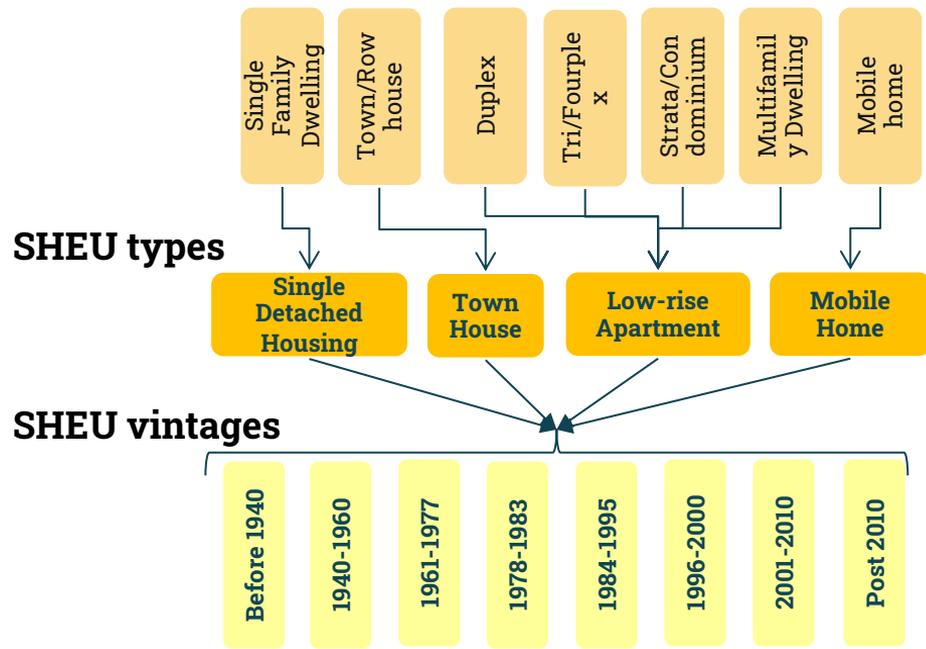
## Housing classification and archetype development



Distribution of housing types per principle Canadian housing vintage

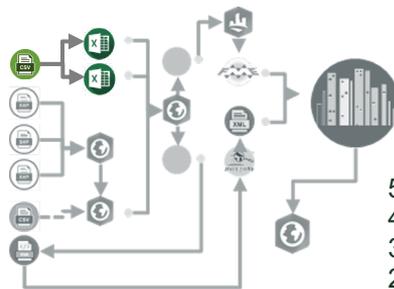
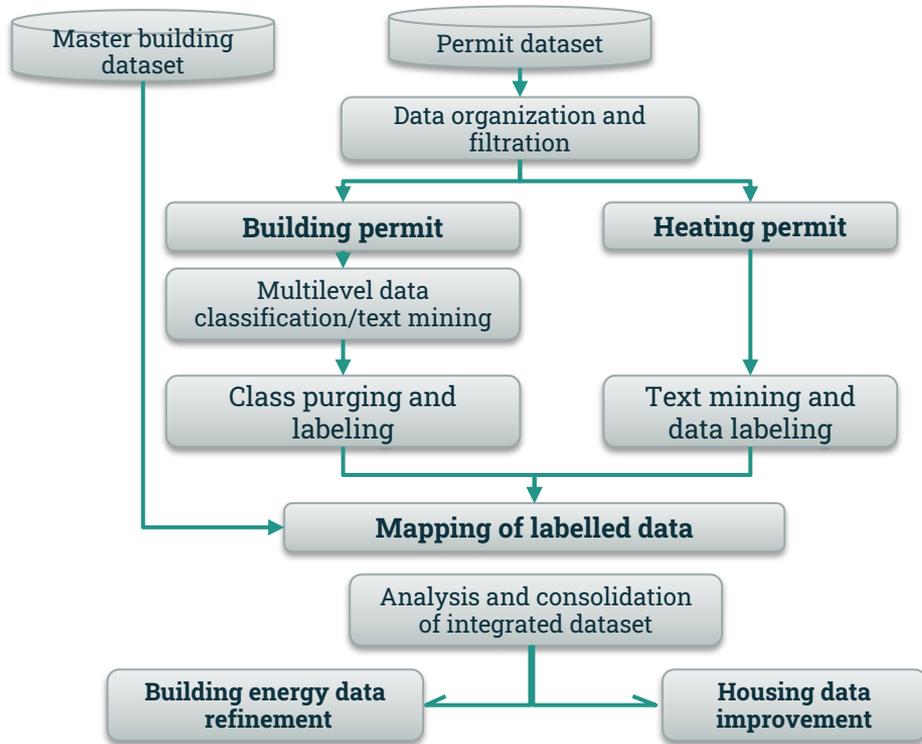


Reclassifying the building types based on the SHEU-2015 dataset

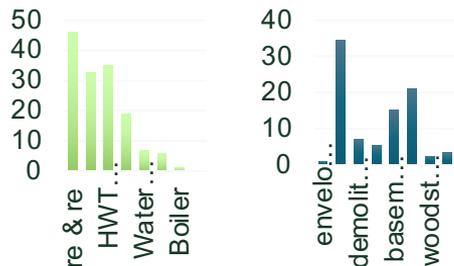


# Data processing

## Permit data analysis



Data mining output



Harmonized dataset with clarified terminology

KID	AP	AQ	AR	AS	AT	AU	AV	AW	AX	AY	AZ	BA	BB	BC
105700	APT	0	0	BP	BP	BP	BP	C_DT	BP	BP	BP	BP	BP	BP
160616	SFD	0	0	BP	22	SFD	2017	-2017	0	0	0	Demol	2017	
202046	SFD	0	0	BP	13	SFD	2018	-2018	0	0	Suite	Demol	2018	
190823	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
264958	DUP	0	0	BP	33	SFD_V	2017	-2017	0	0	Suite	Demol	2017	
253654	PLX	0	0	BP	13	Four F	2018	-2018	0	0	0	Demol	2018	
263133	SFD	0	0	BP	22	SFD	2018	-2018	0	0	0	Demol	2018	
983768	CFN	0	0	RD	??	CFN	2018	-2018	0	0	0	Demol	2018	

Mapping identified attribute with building info.



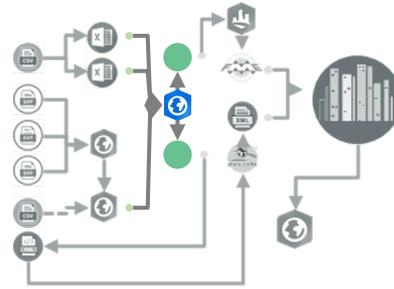
Navigating results to improve building dataset



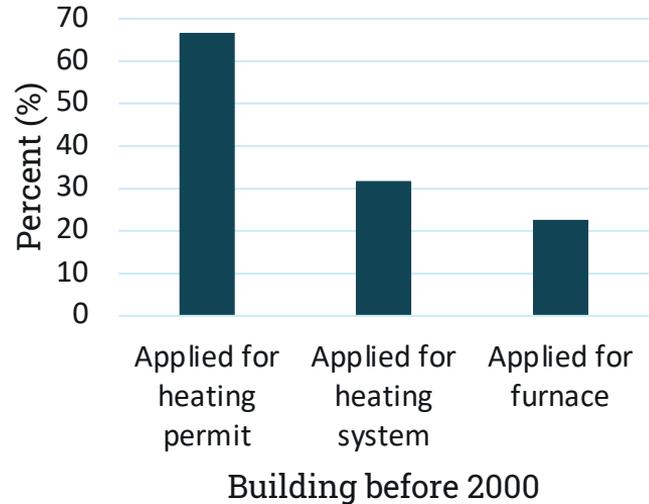
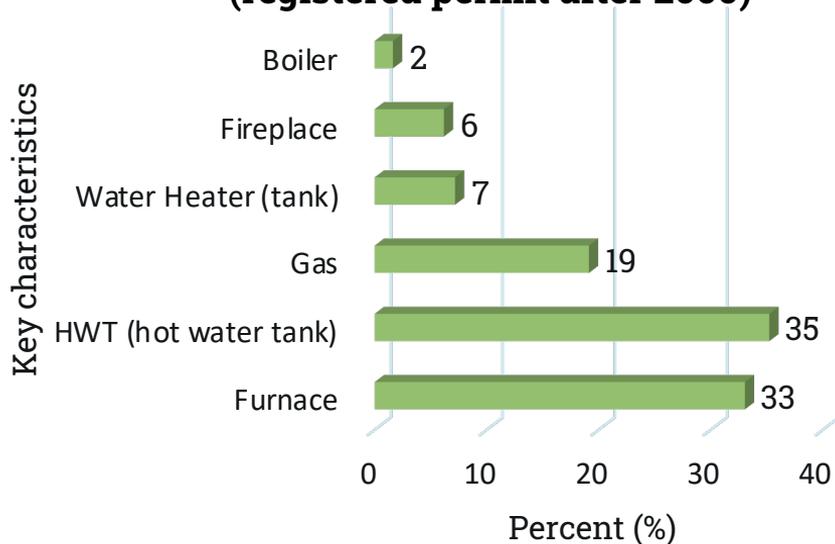
- ❖ Occupant density
- ❖ Heating system type

# Data consolidation

Mapping building permit analysis to building dataset



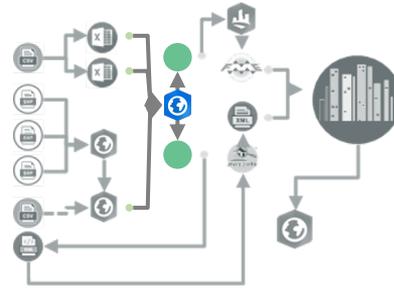
The ratio of identified characteristics records to the total candidate records (registered permit after 2000)



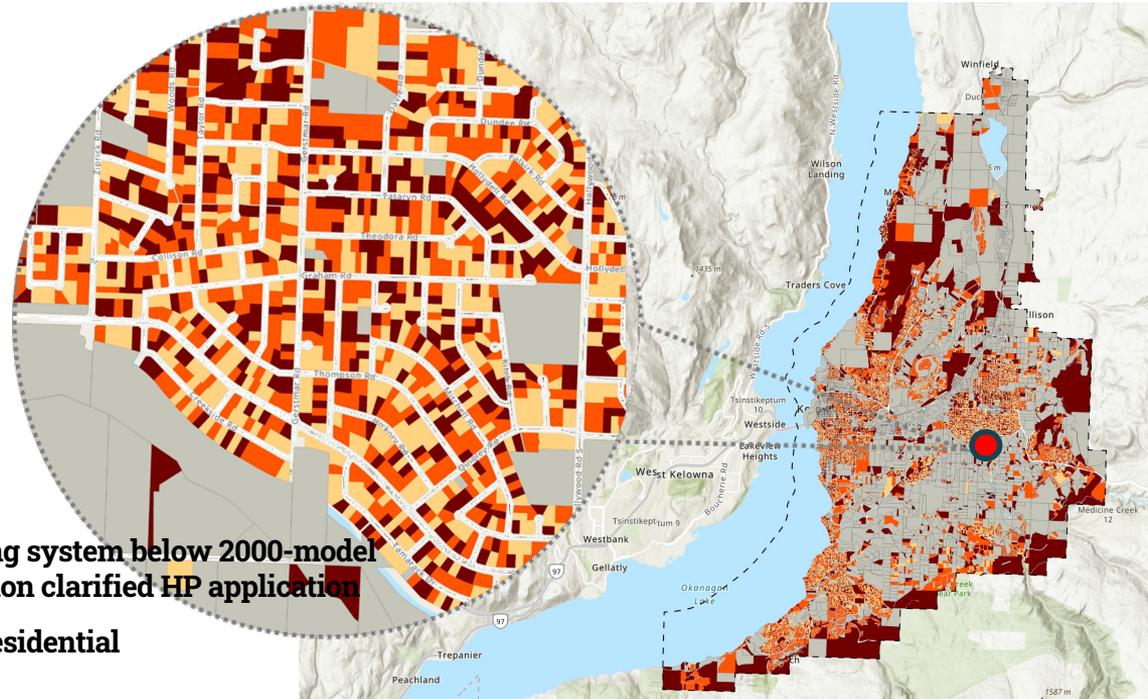
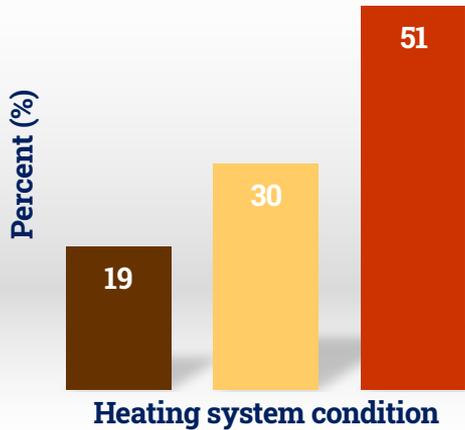
(%) of buildings constructed before 2000 and applied for heating permit

# Data consolidation

Mapping heating permit analysis to building dataset



## The distribution of dwellings based on their heating system condition

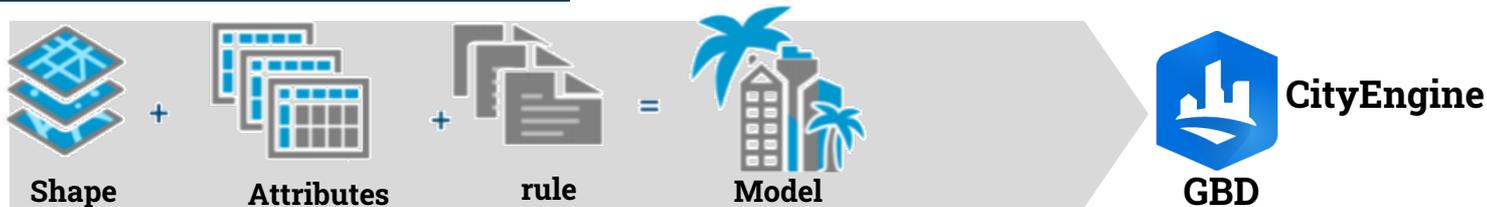
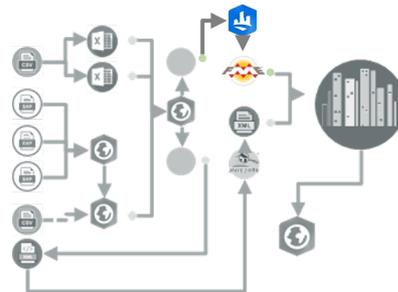


- Heating system below 2000-model without HP application
- dwellings with heating system post-2000 model

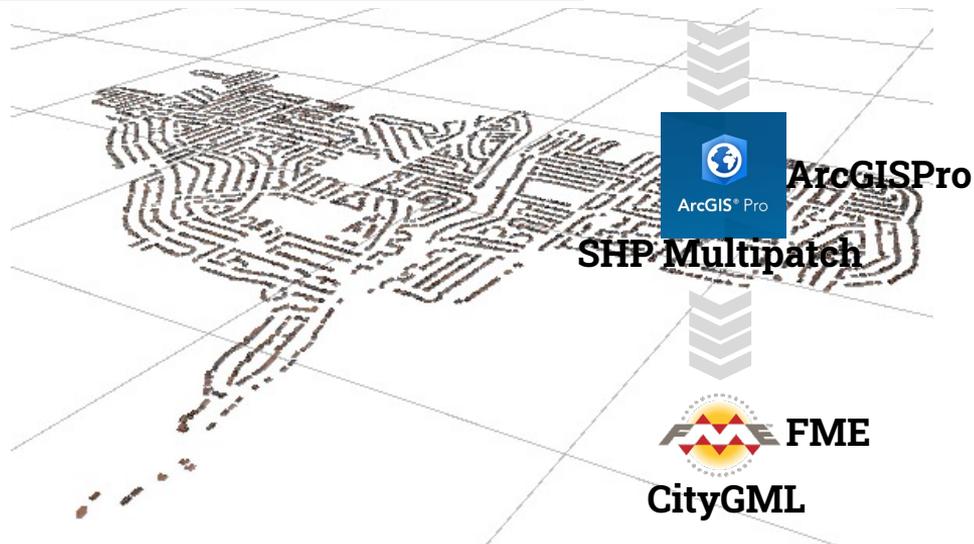
- Heating system below 2000-model with non clarified HP application
- Non residential

# Data modeling

## 3D model generation

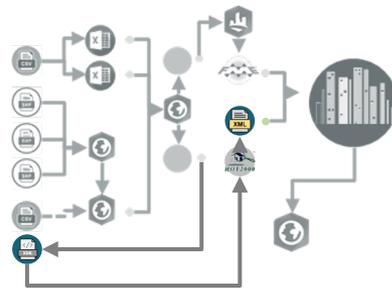


- Building\_ID (string)
- Building\_function (string)
- Construction\_year (int)
- Story\_number (int)
- Floor\_area (float)
- Footprint\_area (float)
- Building\_height (float)
- Roof\_type (string)
- Eave\_height (float)
- Roof\_rise (float)



# Data modeling

## Archetype characterization

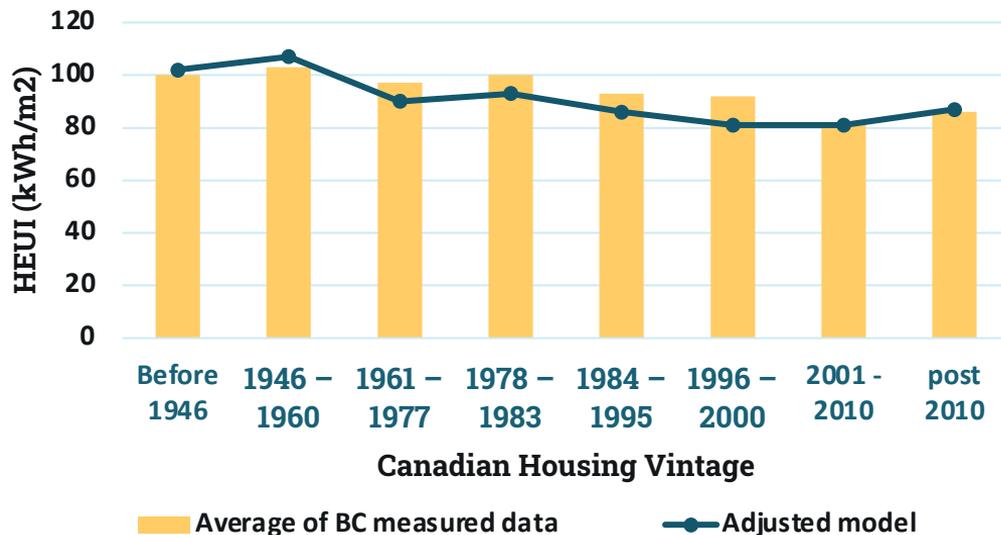


Data sources used for extracting the building energy data

HOT2000 dataset

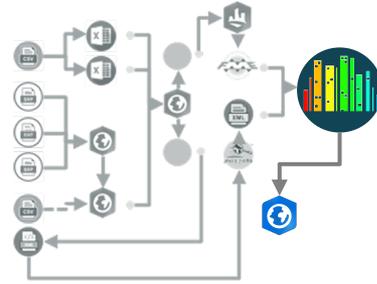
Kelowna Energy Audit

ecobee data analysis on Kelowna housing



Comparison of heating energy use intensity (HEUI) between the adjusted model and the BC measured data per housing vintage

# Simulation and energy mapping



## Data acquisition

CityGML(LOD2)

Building Physics

Building Usage

Weather data

## Data pre-processing

Define thermal zone, process geometrical feature, analyze segmentation data for assigning building physics

Internal load for monthly time series based on building use type

Ambient temperature, Sky temperature  
Global and diffuse radiation

## Model definition

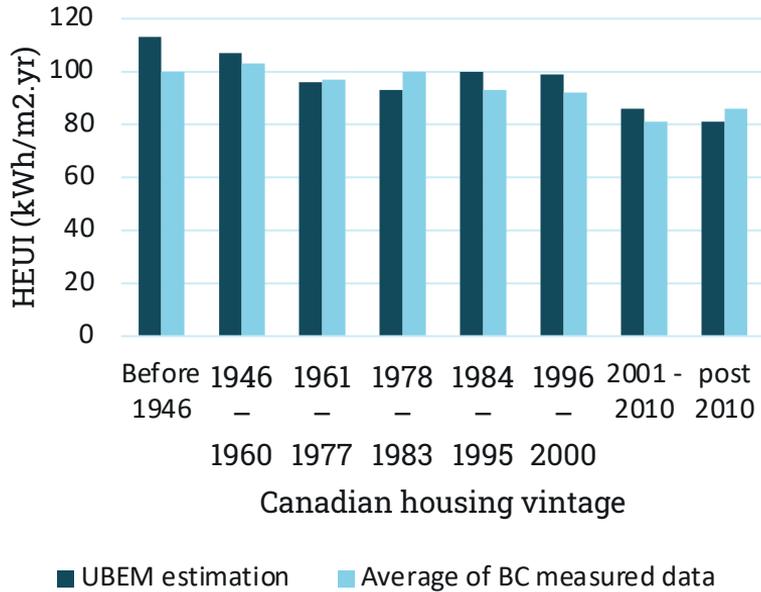
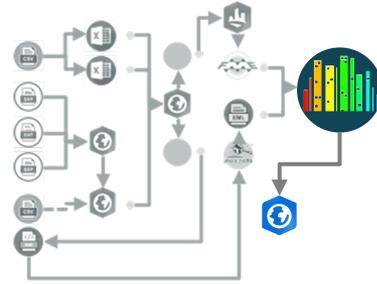
INSEL file; mapping geometry to relevant physics and usage to model thermal characteristics of buildings individually

## Simulation

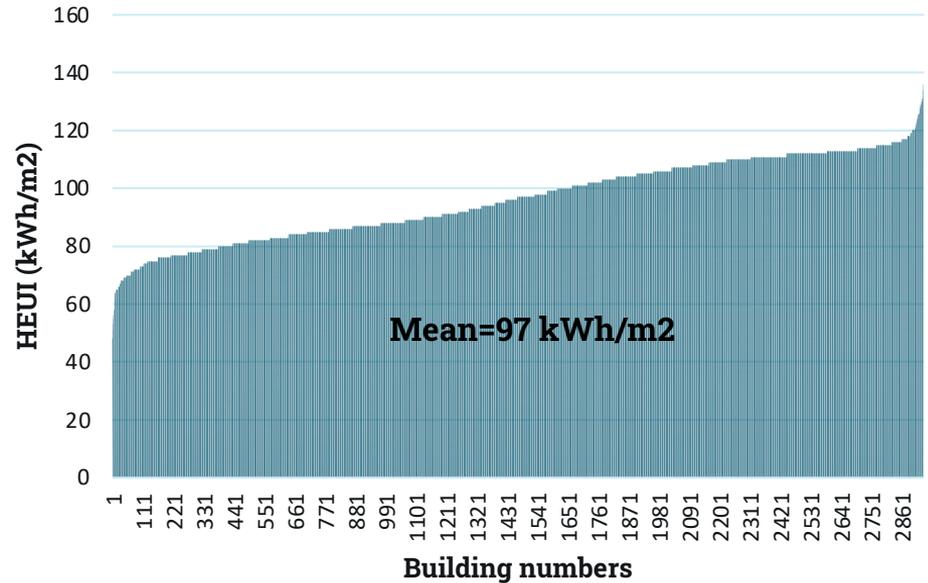
Thermal energy demand calculation

German standard DIN V  
18599-2 for monthly balance  
calculation (ISO3790)

# Simulation and energy mapping

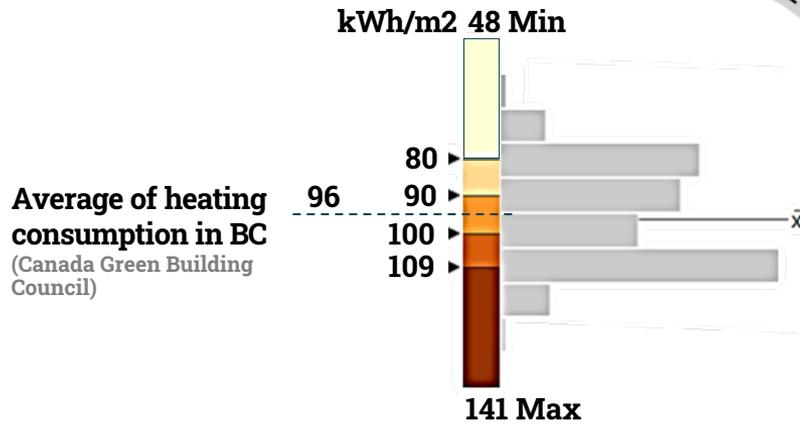


Comparison of average HEUI of the estimated dwellings and the BC measured data per housing vintage



Distribution of the heating energy use intensity (HEUI) per individual buildings

# Simulation and energy mapping

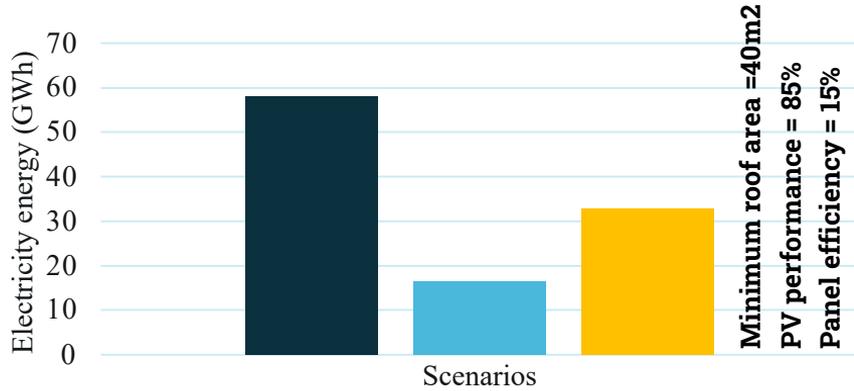


**The distribution of heating energy use intensity per individual buildings in the neighborhood**

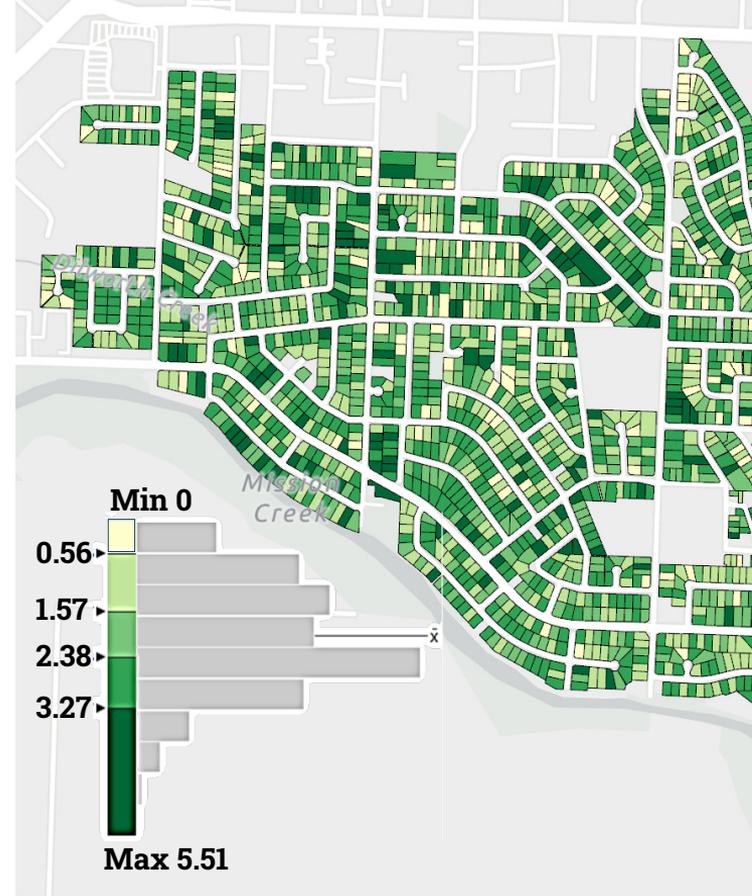
City of Kelowna, District of  
INCREMENT P, METI/NASA, USGS,

# Comparing electricity need for heating and solar potential

Annual thermal load for heat pump systems with COP 3.5 vs. reference demand and potential PV power from rooftops



- Reference annual thermal demand (COP1)
- Annual thermal demand (COP 3.5)
- Annual potential PV power



The fraction of potential PV power to the total heating demand generated with heat pump with (COP 3.5) for individual buildings in the neighborhood

# Conclusion

## Conclusion

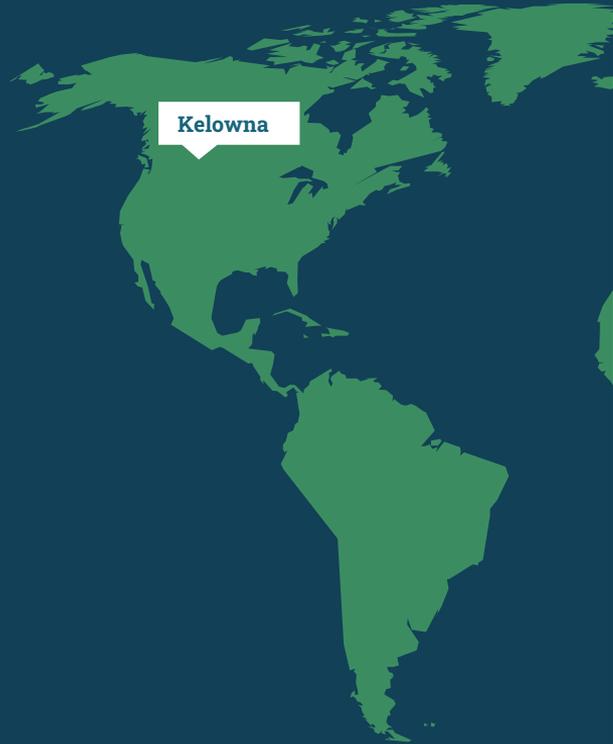
- ❖ The provided multiscale workflow successfully resolved urban datasets' challenges and filled in the recognized inconsistencies of datasets, and generated an urban building energy model based on actively maintainable GIS datasets.
- ❖ Improve the compatibility between different urban datasets using a georeferenced building identifier
- ❖ Providing access to the local utility bills and broader energy audits to fill in the simulated and real consumption gaps in the archetype development and UBEM performance evaluation in terms of more effective bottom-up retrofit planning.

## Contribution

### Under preparation papers

- ❖ HosseiniHaghighi SeyedehRabeeh, Panchabikesan Karthik, Dabirian Sanam, Webster Jessica, Ouf Mohammed, Eicker Ursula, 2021, Discovering, Processing and Consolidating of Building Stock and Smart Thermostat Data in Support of Energy End-use Mapping and Housing,
- ❖ HosseiniHaghighi SeyedehRabeeh, Padsala Rushikesh, Monsalvet Pilar, Eicker Ursula, 2021, "Characterizing and Structuring Urban Data for Housing Stock Energy Modeling"





- ❖ Developing interactive energy mapping, aiding retrofit planning and decision making
- ❖ Developing retrofit scenarios based on local renewable energy sources
- ❖ Improving building geometry model using LiDAR or high accurate 3D-GIS data sources
- ❖ Developing archetype model with variety of occupant and energy system profiles

## Future work

## Reference

- [1] "Energy Use in Canada: Trends Publications | Natural Resources Canada." [Online]. Available: <https://oee.nrcan.gc.ca/publications/statistics/trends/2016/totalsectors.cfm>. [Accessed: 19-Dec-2020].
- [2] "Progress towards Canada's greenhouse gas emissions reduction target - Canada.ca." [Online]. Available: <https://www.canada.ca/en/environment-climate-change/services/environmental-indicators/progress-towards-canada-greenhouse-gas-emissions-reduction-target.html>. [Accessed: 19-Dec-2020].
- [3] "Building Energy Mapping and Analytics CDS | OGC." [Online]. Available: <https://www.ogc.org/projects/initiatives/bdgenergygcds>. [Accessed: 19-Dec-2020].
- [4] Y. Chen, T. Hong, X. Luo, and B. Hooper, "Development of city buildings dataset for urban building energy modeling," *Energy Build.*, vol. 183, pp. 252–265, 2019, doi: 10.1016/j.enbuild.2018.11.008.
- [5] O. Conference, "GIS-Based Residential Building Energy Modeling at District Scale Usman Ali , Mohammad Haris Shamsi , Cathal Hoare , James O'Donnell School of Mechanical and Materials Engineering , Energy Institute University College Dublin ( UCD ), Belfield , Dublin 4 , I," no. September, pp. 11–12, 2018.
- [6] C. Delmastro, G. Mutani, and S. P. Corgnati, "A supporting method for selecting cost-optimal energy retrofit policies for residential buildings at the urban scale," *Energy Policy*, vol. 99, pp. 42–56, 2016, doi: 10.1016/j.enpol.2016.09.051.
- [7] C. Cerezo Davila, C. F. Reinhart, and J. L. Bemis, "Modeling Boston: A workflow for the efficient generation and maintenance of urban building energy models from existing geospatial datasets," *Energy*, vol. 117, pp. 237–250, 2016, doi: 10.1016/j.energy.2016.10.057.
- [8] M. Gangoilells, M. Casals, N. Forcada, M. MacArulla, and E. Cuerva, "Energy mapping of existing building stock in Spain," *J. Clean. Prod.*, vol. 112, no. June 2013, pp. 3895–3904, 2016, doi: 10.1016/j.jclepro.2015.05.105.

**THANKS!**