

CZEBS - Centre for Zero Energy Building Studies Overview

Andreas Athienitis

Director

and

Leon Wang

Associate Director

<https://www.concordia.ca/research/zero-energy-building.html>



Center for Zero Energy Building Studies
 Centre d'études sur le bâtiment
 à consommation nulle d'énergie

CZEBS - CENTRE FOR ZERO ENERGY BUILDING STUDIES



The mission of the CZEBS is to reduce the environmental impact of buildings while enhancing their safety and comfort by advancing knowledge through research and the building engineering discipline in Canada, by enriching the learning and research experience of students, and by assisting industry in implementing research results and innovations.

Members distinctions: 3 Fellows of CAE, 1 of ASHRAE, 3 of IBPSA, 1 of ASCE; 2 Concordia Chairs, 1 NSERC IRC



Andreas Athienitis

*Director
Professor*



Theodore
Stathopoulos

Professor



Radu Zmeureanu

Professor



Leon Wang

*Associate Director
Professor*



Hua Ge

Professor



Bruno Lee

Associate Professor



Mohamed Ouf

Assistant Professor



Caroline
Hachem-Vermette

Associate Professor

Above photos provided by David Ward, Concordia University

Concordia University Senate approved CZEBS in January 2012

About 100 HQP, a total of over 20 full and associate members



Centre for Zero Energy Building Studies
 Centre d'études sur le bâtiment
 à consommation nulle d'énergie

CONCORDIA CZEBS LEADERSHIP IN SUSTAINABLE BUILDINGS

- Led **two NSERC strategic research networks** in solar and smart net-zero energy buildings - **\$20 M over the period 2005 – 2017** with about 30 researchers from 15 universities and 30 industry/govt sector partners.
- Leading edge demonstration projects: EcoTerra EQUilibrium house (2007), JMSB solar system - Concordia (2009), **Varenes Library** (2016).
- **NSERC/Hydro Quebec Industrial Chair** (\$4 M 2013 – 23).
- **Renewable Energy Microgrid Integration for Remote, Off-grid Cabins in Nunavut** (programme de recherche Canada-Inuit Nunangat-Royaume-Uni dans l'Arctique (CINUK). \$800k.
- **Dr. Athienitis led the funded University CFREF proposal (\$123 M) “Electrifying Society: Towards Decarbonized Resilient Communities” for 2023-30. Now Scientific Chair. 5 projects led by CZEBS.**



- Key leading role in initiative for Canada Excellence Research Chair in next-gen cities for 2019-2026.
- Lead CAE Roadmap **Ultra-low Energy Built Environment with Deep Integration of Renewables**
- The **5th COBEE** conference, Chaired by Dr. Wang was hosted by the CZEBS - **Over 400 participants from Canada, US, Europe, Asia and many countries**

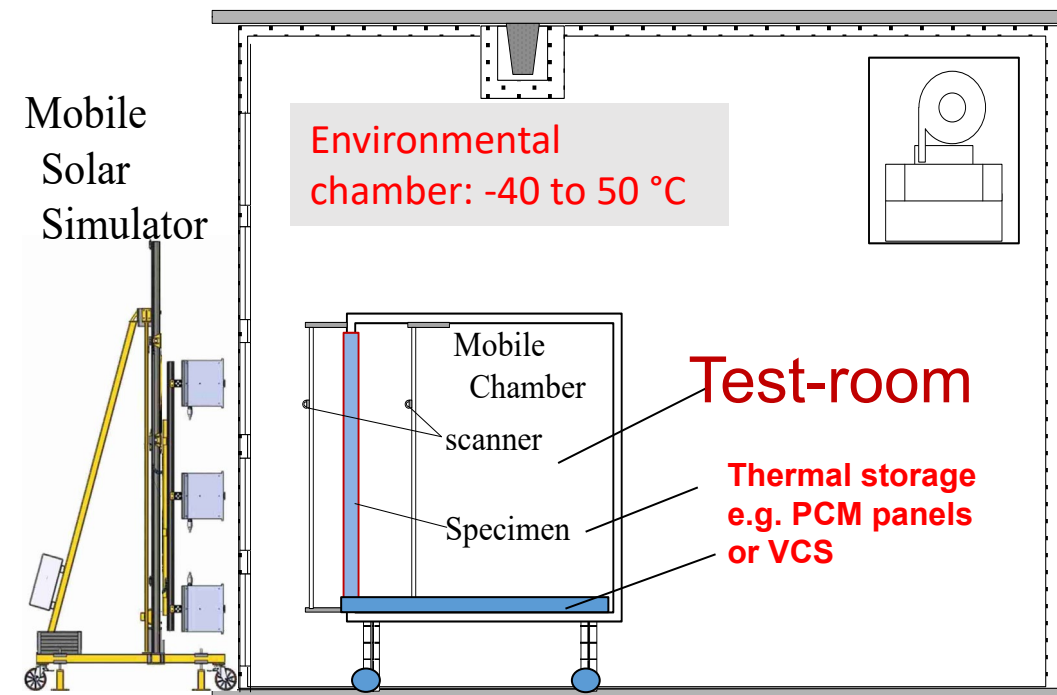


EXAMPLE OF MAJOR WORLD-LEADING TEST FACILITIES: ENVIRONMENTAL CHAMBER AND MOBILE SOLAR SIMULATOR

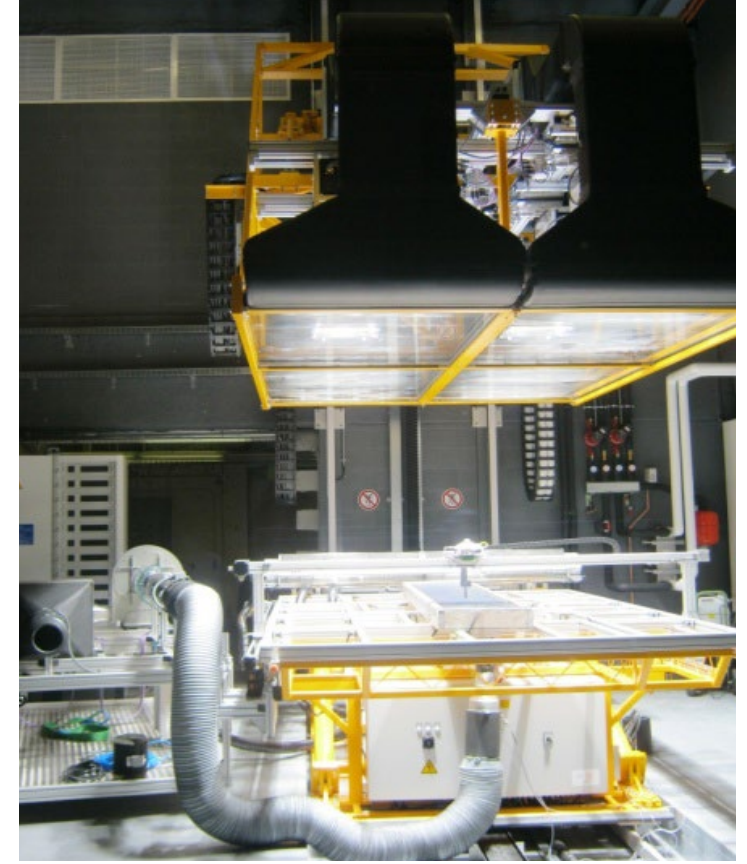


A **two-story environmental chamber** with a mobile solar simulator lamp field used to test building and solar technologies under controlled environmental conditions (**from arctic to desert**).

- Temperature: **-40 to +50°C**
- Relative humidity: 20 to 95%
- Sunlight produced by a 6-lamp mobile solar simulator enters chamber via windows.



EXPERIMENTAL FACILITIES - SOLAR SIMULATOR



Designed for testing and evaluating solar technologies such as PV modules, PV/thermal, solar air/water collectors and a **range of building-integrated solar systems**.

- 8 special metal halide global (MHG) lamps simulating solar spectrum (lamps individually controlled & dimmable)
- Artificial sky to remove infrared radiation from lamps
- Homogeneity: less than $\pm 5\%$ variation under 0.85 to 1.15 sun

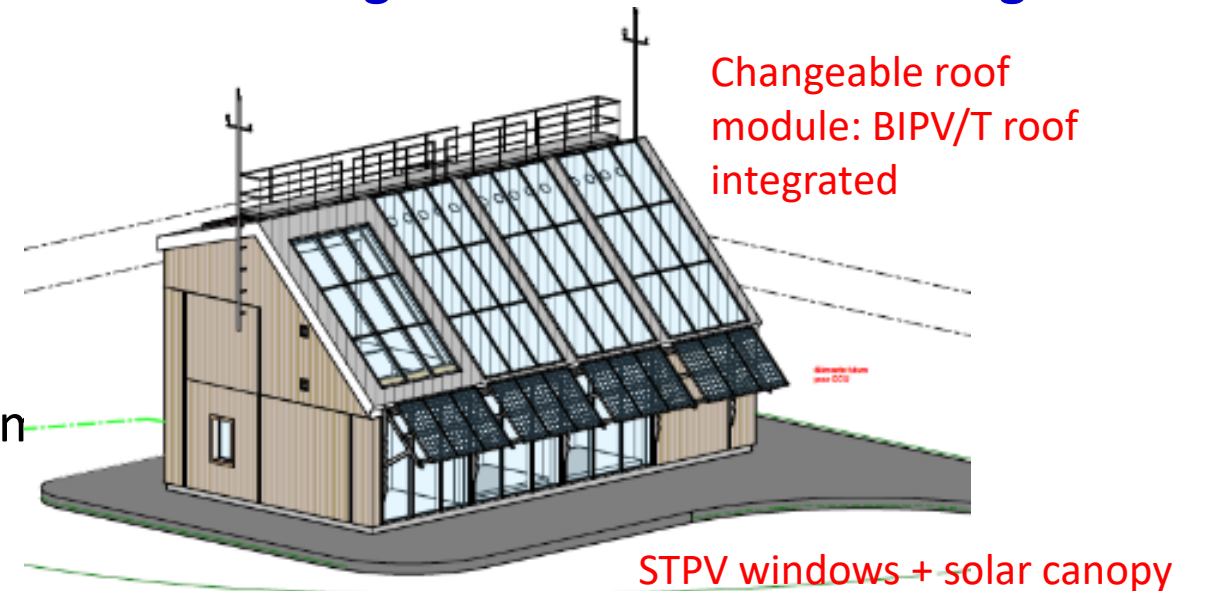
CONCORDIA FUTURE BUILDINGS LAB



- Develop and test innovative building and energy technologies
- Test and optimize the integration, operation and energy management of **multiple power sources and energy storage**
- Develop and **advance net-zero energy building practices** by optimizing integrated building and energy system performance under real weather operating conditions.
- Lead the **building industry towards intelligent net-zero energy buildings of the future**
- **Northern and Indigenous sustainable buildings**

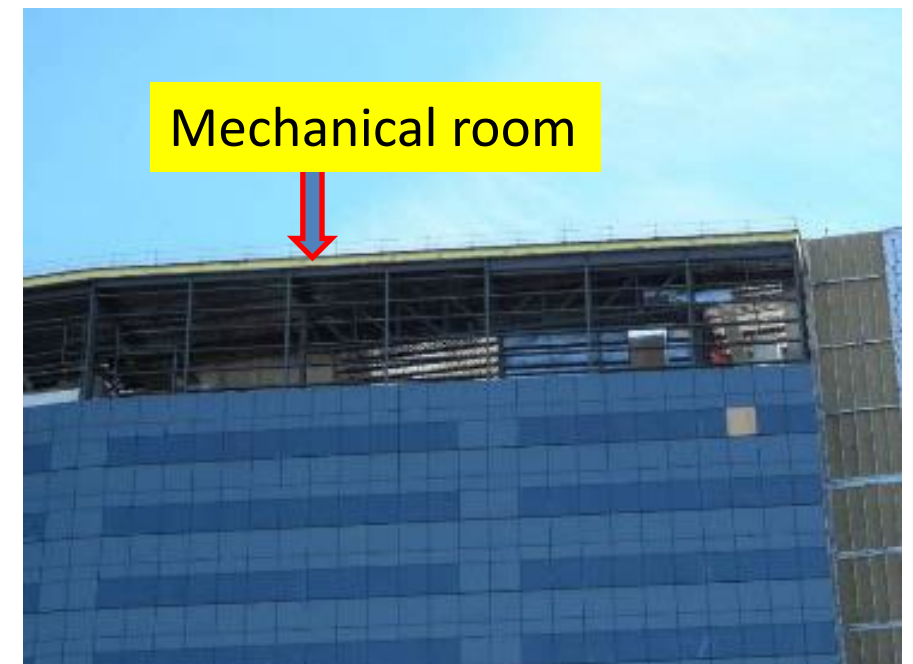
Research capabilities

- Various envelope and mechanical systems
- Interaction between envelope, indoor environment and HVAC system
- integration/interaction of renewables: solar, wind, fuel cells
- Capabilities to test interaction of buildings with grid, nano-grid



JMSB BIPV/T SYSTEM (Concordia University 2009)

- Building surface \sim area 288 m² generates both solar electricity (up to 25 kilowatts) and solar heat (up to about 75 kW of ventilation air heating);
- **BIPV/T system** forms the exterior wall layer of the building; **it is not an add-on;**
- Mechanical room is directly behind the BIPV/T façade – easy to connect with HVAC
- Total peak efficiency about 55%;
- New system developed recently that simplifies design and has inlets in PV frames.



PV panels are same width as the curtain wall; spandrel sections could accommodate more PV

**Just 288 sq.m. was covered
Imagine possible generation
with 3000 sq.m. BIPV/T**



Shades could be automatically controlled

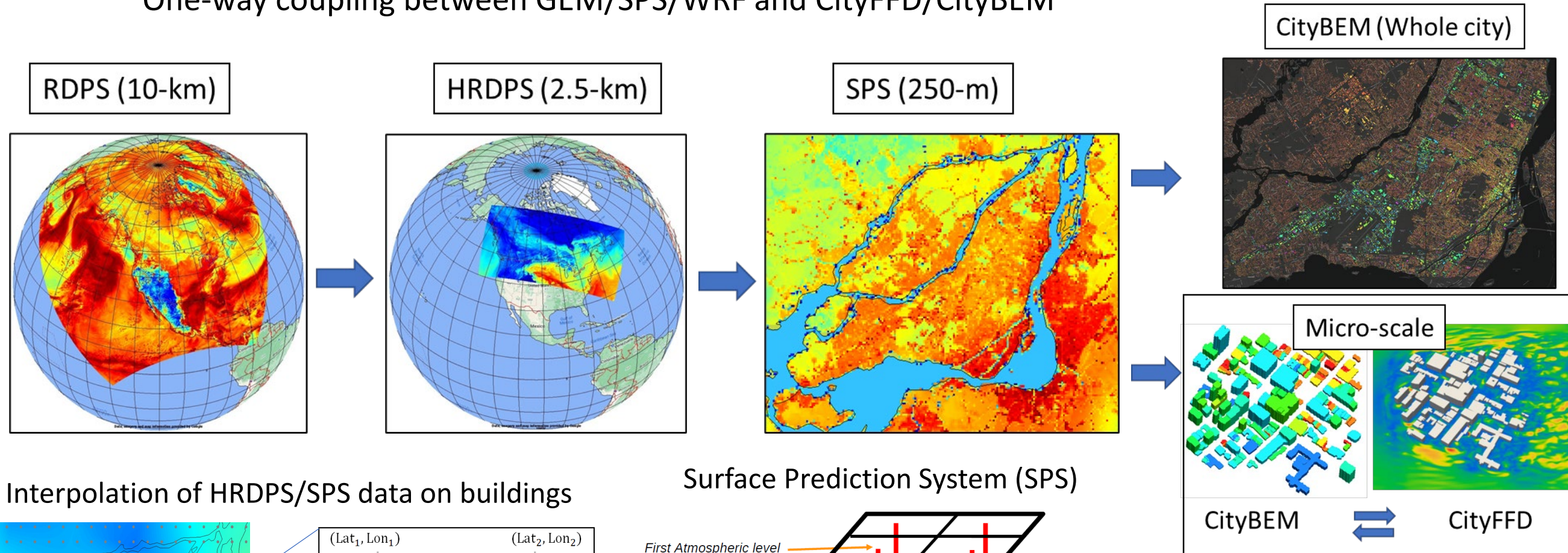
Occupant behavior:

Note shade positions

IoT with smart sensors can facilitate automation of shades

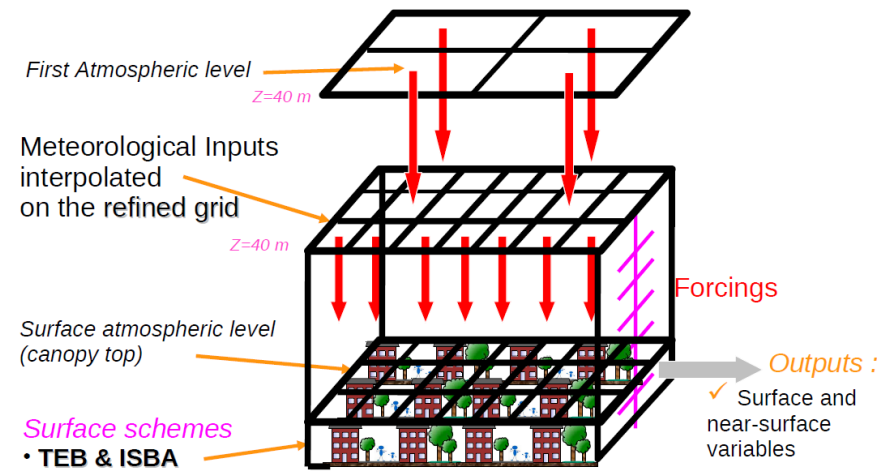
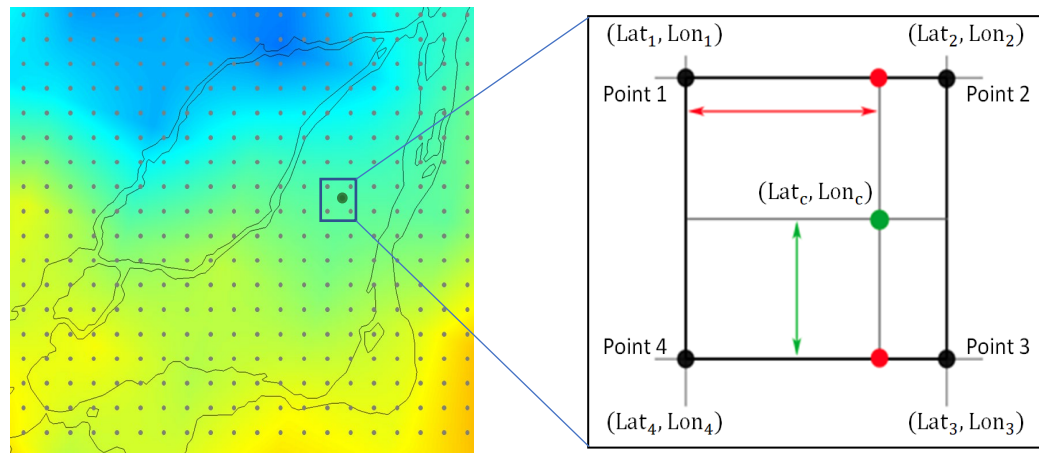
Multiscale Urban Environment and Energy Modeling (L. Wang)

One-way coupling between GEM/SPS/WRF and CityFFD/CityBEM



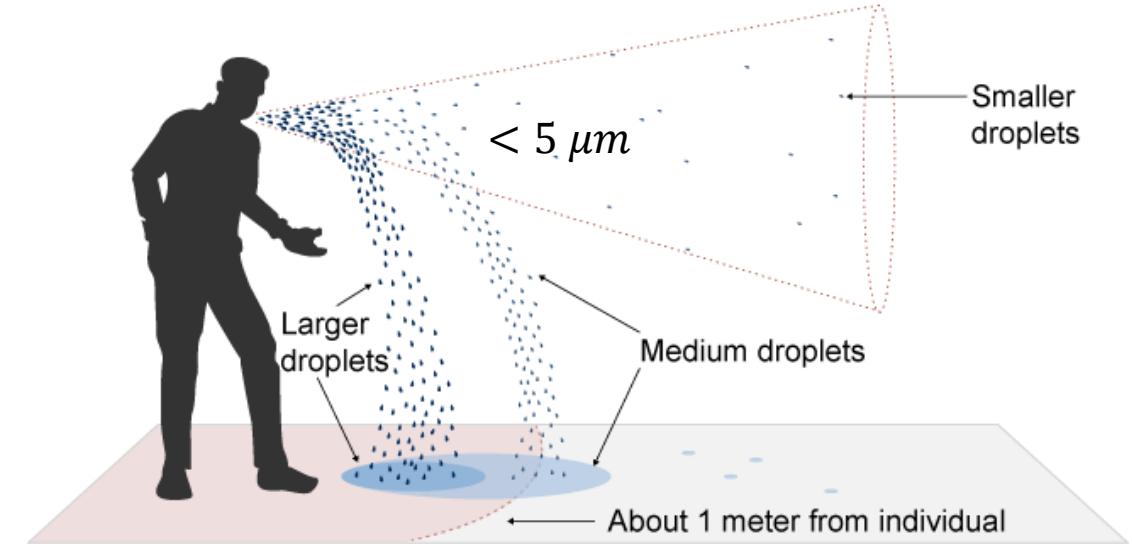
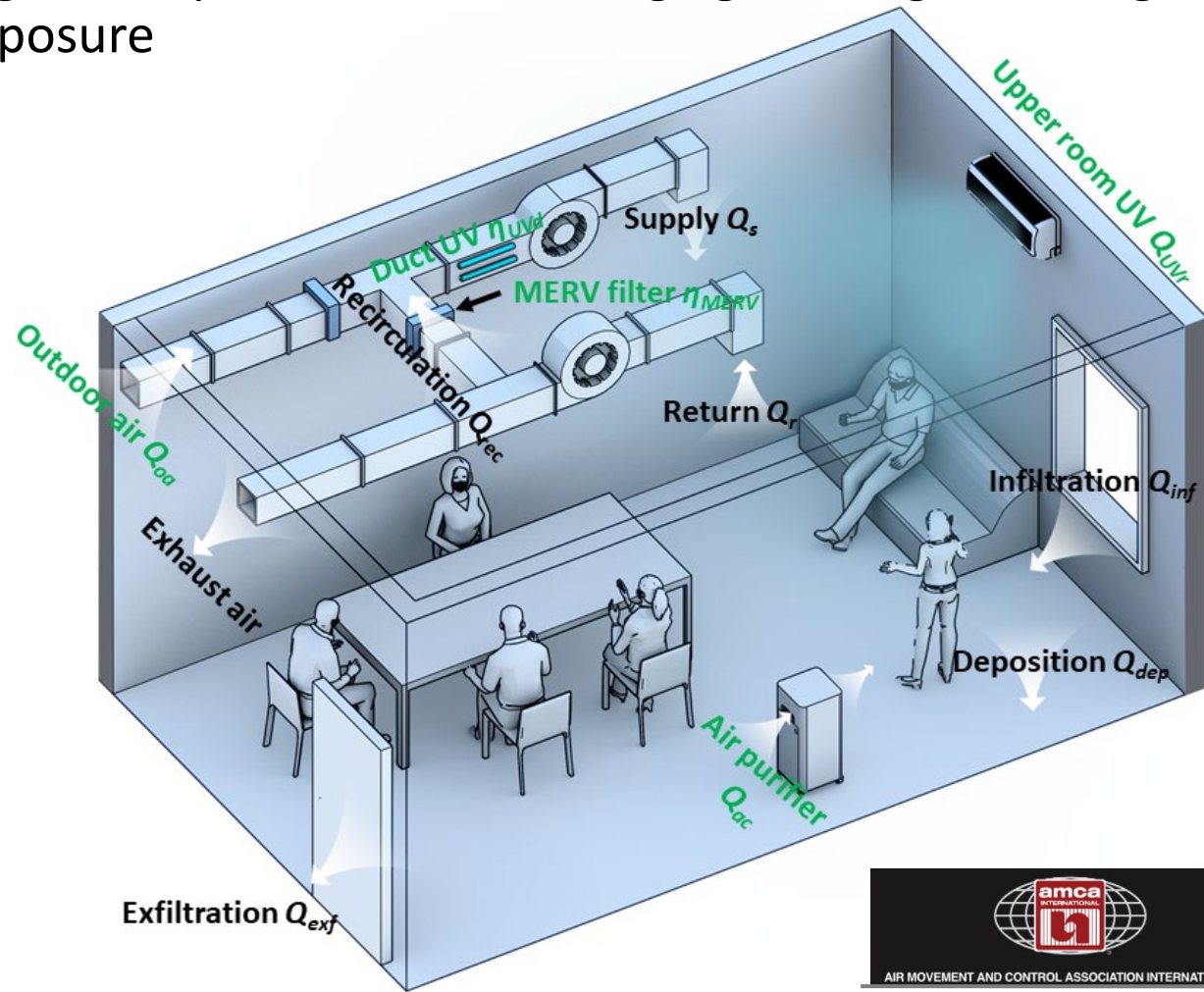
Interpolation of HRDPS/SPS data on buildings

Surface Prediction System (SPS)



Evaluation, Monitoring and Mitigation of SARS-CoV-2 Airborne Transmission Risks in Cities and Buildings

- Airborne transmission: a major route of COVID-19 transmission
- High risks: poor ventilation, large gathering, and long-duration exposure



Source: Elsevier. Credit: Jianjian Wei, Yuguo Li. | GAO-20-545SP

Strategies to reduce airborne infection risk in public

- Wear a face mask
- Stay less time
- Reduce occupants
- Increase outdoor air ventilation rate
- High-efficiency duct filters in HVAC systems (MERV-13)
- Use portable air cleaner



National Research Council Canada

Conseil national de recherches Canada

Optimization of HVAC systems for buildings



- Continuous commissioning
- Data-driven models of energy performance
- Virtual sensors
- Faults detection and diagnosis

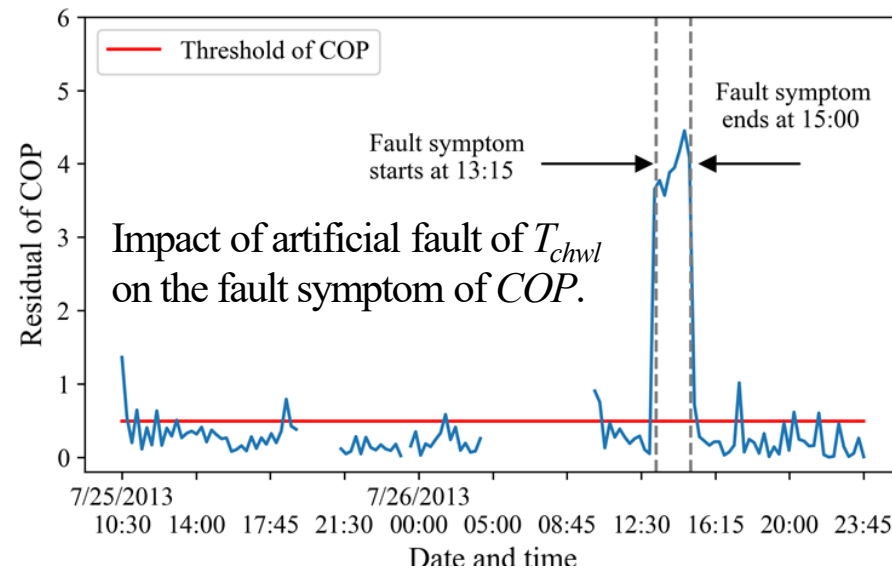


Inuvik houses

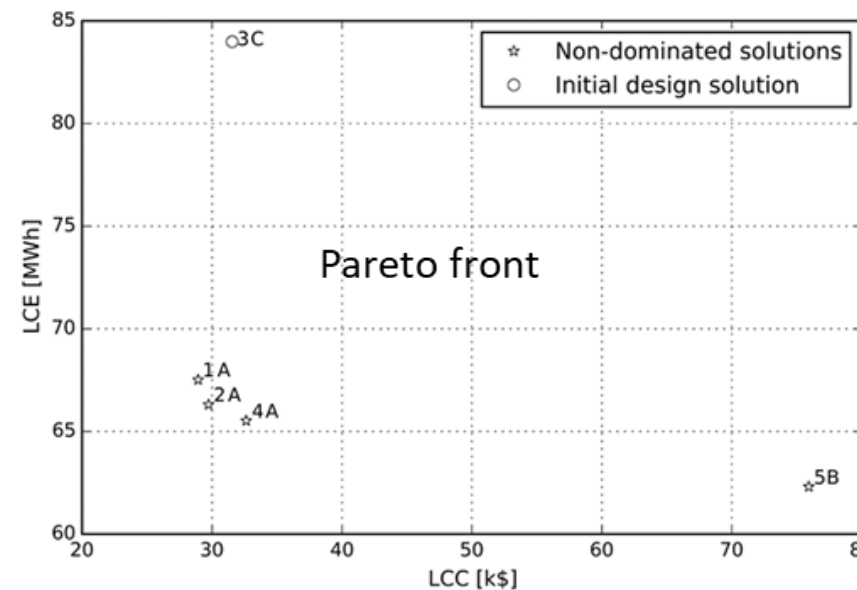


Drawing and photo by Arctic energy alliance and CMHC
https://www.cmhc-schl.gc.ca/en/inpr/bude/noho/upload/68157_W_ACC.pdf

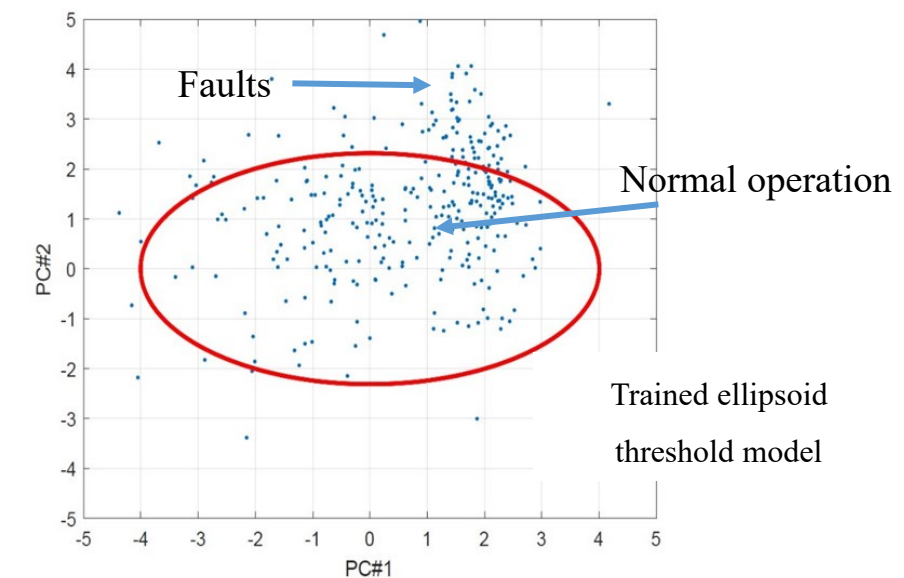
Faults detection – Genome building



Multi-objective optimization of solar systems



PCA-detection of faults of the heating system



EXPERIMENTAL FACILITIES - BOUNDARY-LAYER WIND TUNNEL LAB



Above: The boundary layer wind tunnel (BLWT) from the back end.

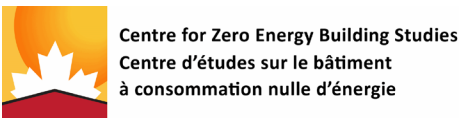
Right: Smoke generated around scaled model buildings inside BLWT for studying contaminant dispersions within an urban environment.

The effect of wind on building models is reproduced in a boundary layer wind tunnel. This enables the measurement of: mean and fluctuating wind loads on buildings, air flow around individual and groups of tall buildings, environmental pedestrian level wind loads, and effluent dispersion (contamination of buildings by smoke and building exhaust from stacks). Computational evaluation of wind effects on buildings can also be performed.



A web browser building-level risk model based on the Wells-Riley Model

Based on the COVID-19 Aerosol Transmission Estimator*



CANADA

Hundreds of Canadian health experts call for action on airborne spread of COVID-19

By Staff • The Canadian Press
Posted January 4, 2021 12:41 pm EST

News

Coronavirus: Experts across Canada call on government to step up ...

Time for government to take aerosol transmission of COVID-19 seriously

Open letter from hundreds of experts calls on Canadian leaders to change course

Open letter
JANUARY 4, 2021



Westmount High School Parent Participation Organization
4350 Saint-Catherine St, Westmount, Quebec H3Z 1R1

Virtual Meeting, Monday, December 14, 2020, 7 PM

AGENDA

1. Approval of Agenda
2. Presentation on General Building Airflow and Q & A Period, Special Guest Speaker: Dr. Leon Wang (Concordia University)
3. Chair's general and finance reports
4. Approval of past Minutes of November 12, 2020
5. Next Meeting: Monday December 21, 2020 at 7:30 PM
6. Adjournment

LEDEVOIR

L'air en milieu scolaire n'est pas exemplaire

Web-based tool aims to reduce the risk of indoor SARS-CoV-2 transmission

The site built by Concordia researchers offers best practices to improve building ventilation and minimize cases of COVID-19.

Los Angeles Times



Search CBC Listen

The Gazette

Let's Go with Sabrina Marandola

Nov. 6, 2020: Indoor COVID-19 tool

12:49



nature



COVID-19: un outil pour atténuer les risques de propagation en lieu clos



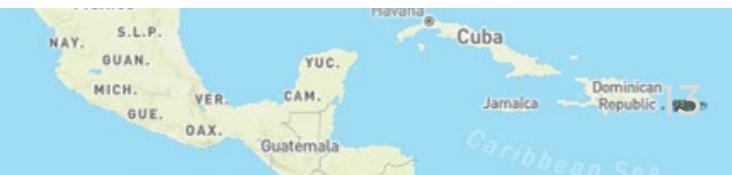
Concordia web application suggests ways to reduce indoor coronavirus transmission

With the City-RPI web application, you can click on any building in Montreal, and it will produce a ranked list of the most effective steps that can be taken to reduce COVID-19 transmission inside.



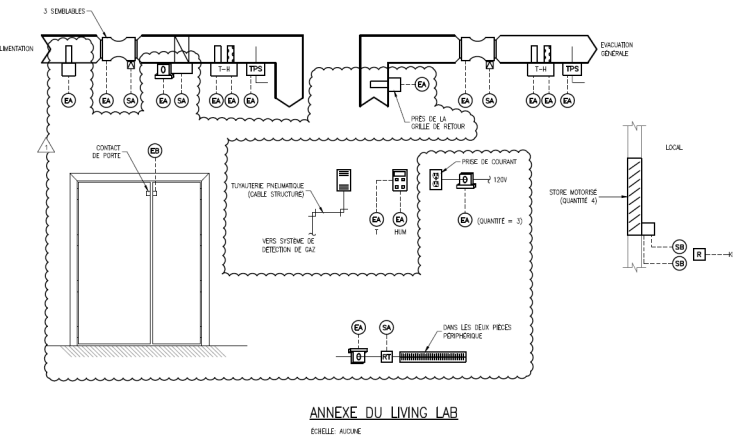
By Benson Cook • Global News

Posted November 4, 2020 6:06 pm • Updated November 4, 2020 7:18 pm



A testbed for Advanced Building Controls

- Develop and test **occupant-centric control (OCC) strategies** for various building systems
- Leverage wearables to monitor occupant behaviour and improve thermal comfort in multi-occupant spaces
- Identify the diversity of occupant comfort profiles exposed to similar indoor environmental conditions
- Optimize building controls based on inferred occupants' preferences to **maximize comfort and simultaneously minimize energy use**



Research capabilities

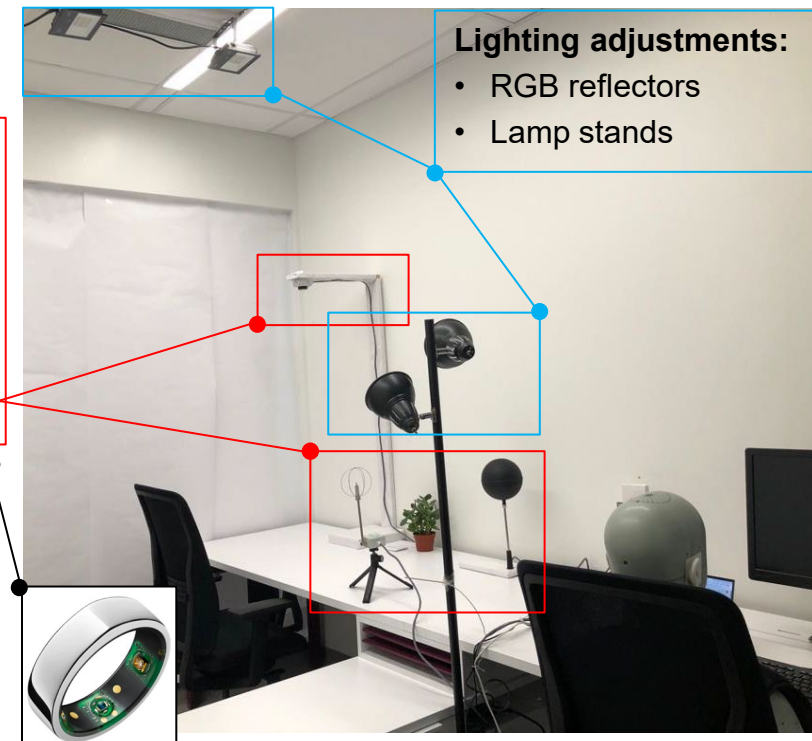
- Heavily instrumented space with sensors and sub-meters on every sub-system
- Enabling experiments and testing of OCC and occupants' interaction with the indoor environment and HVAC systems
- Actuating different end-uses / sub-systems (e.g. VAVs, lighting, blinds...etc.) based on the developed OCC algorithms

Environmental parameters:

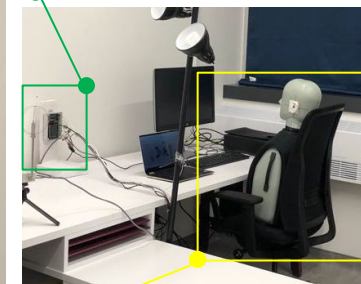
- Indoor Air Temperature, Relative Humidity
- CO₂ / VOC concentration
- Air velocity, Globe temperature
- Illuminance
- Temperature at different heights (probes)

Occupants' data:

- Skin temperature, Heart rate: (Oura ring)
- Thermal perception: (questionnaire about comfort levels)



Data logger



Background noise level measurement

Typical institutional building energy consumption:
250-300 kWh/m²/yr

Example of net-zero energy building:
Energy consumption: 70 kWh/m²/yr
Energy production: 54 kWh/m²/yr
Displaced grid electricity: 81 kWh/m²/yr



BIPV/T roof

PASSIVE design

EV charging

Canada's first institutional Net-zero Energy Building

Vareennes Library - Canada's first institutional solar NZEB



Market is ready for such projects provided standardized BIPV products are developed
Now modelling and optimizing operation and grid interaction under a NSERC Hydro Quebec Chair

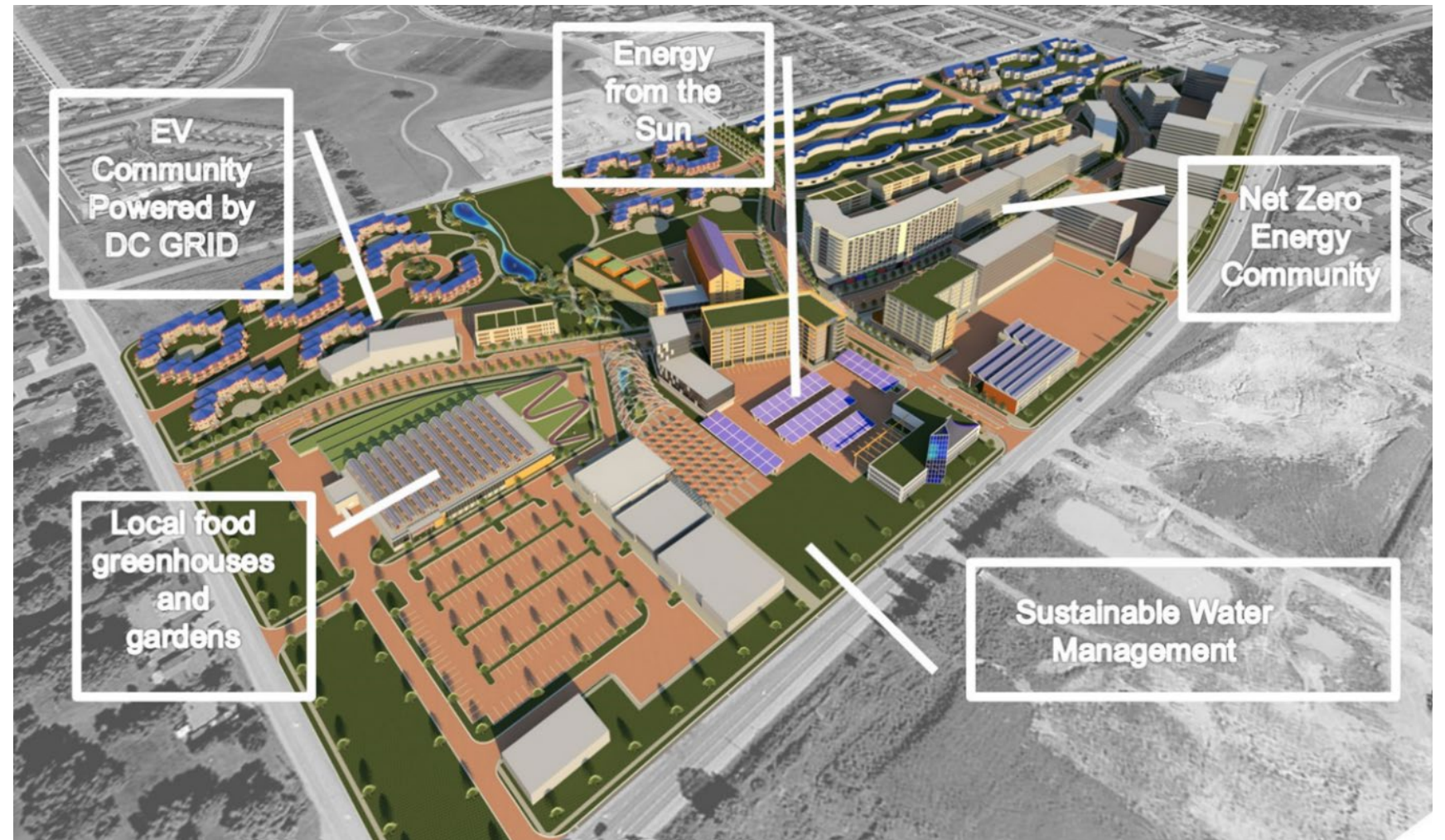
Officially opened May 2016:
now a living lab



- 110 kW BIPV system (part BIPV/T)
- Geothermal system (30 ton)
- Radiant floor slab heating/cooling
- EV car charging
- Building received major awards (e.g. **Canadian Consulting Engineering Award of excellence**)

An ambitious Canadian Net-zero Energy Community: West 5 - case study with s2e (partner) in London, Ontario

- Optimized for solar energy utilization to reach net-zero
- Integration of electric vehicles owned by the community
- Energy storage at the building and community levels
- Net-zero, can operate as microgrid in islanded mode



STEPS FOR COMFORTABLE AND HEALTHY BUILDINGS IN COLD CLIMATES

- Set high targets for amount of fresh air to limit spread of viruses by using solar air heating in winter and hybrid ventilation in cooling season – adopt, expand, optimize solutions employed in EV and JMSB
- Ensure daylight availability in all offices; enhances productivity and health
- Optimize thermal comfort through smart predictive control
- **Safety**: use renewable energy for deicing sidewalks
- Design buildings for access and safety of people with disabilities

JMSB: Solar wall



Fresh air
Motorized
inlets

EV building
hybrid ventilation system

FUTURE DIRECTIONS

Decarbonization - smart net-zero energy buildings and communities.

Resilience, durability, nature-inspired/based solutions.

Healthy and comfortable buildings.

Building design and operation for a **high quality of life** for all: Indigenous, people with disabilities, elderly etc.

Integration with smart grids and electrified transportation.

Sustainable infrastructure.

Development of CFREF Volt-Age Impact and Living Lab projects, building and additional to the SEED projects



West 5 net-zero community, London Ontario
(industry partner s2e)