

Pollination systems are jeopardized by the same factors that threaten biodiversity, but also provide evidence for the drastic consequences of eroding multi-species ecosystem services. Pollination is an essential ecosystem service that allows for sustainable terrestrial productivity in almost all terrestrial ecosystems, including those used for human food and fibre security. Canadian examples of eroded pollination systems, and how they have been repaired, illustrate global concerns and through them one can come to understand the limits of ecosystem resilience. Ecological, economic, and geographic aspects of the problem will be discussed along with considerations on the need for conservation, restoration and rehabilitation.

Friday, January 25, 2013 12:30 - 1:30/2:00 PM

Hall Building H-1252 1455 de Maisonneuve W.



Refreshments will be served