BIOL473/685: Environmental Microbiology

Winter 2022 • Monday & Wednesday 1:15 - 2:30 • CC 305 and/or remote learning

Instructor

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Course Description: We live in a microbial world. There are billions of times more microbes on Earth than stars in the universe and microbial metabolisms are critical to the maintenance of life on our planet. The objective of this course is to provide an overview of microbial diversity and ecophysiology with special emphasis on how the activities and interactions of microorganisms influence biological systems ranging from humans to the planet as a whole. Special emphasis will be placed on the microbiology of aquatic ecosystems, including the ocean. The course structure will consist mainly of lectures. However, students will be required to summarize the findings of a research article by both oral presentations as well as by written assignments (detailed below). Students are expected to have a strong background understanding of basic microbiology, molecular biology, biochemistry, genetics, and the general structure and function of cells and their components.

Information on Remote Learning: I hope we will get back in the classroom soon, but in the meanwhile live lectures will be presented during the scheduled course period through Zoom links available on Moodle (Biol473 Remote Course Meetings). The live lectures will be recorded and made available on Moodle (Biol473 Remote Course Recordings). Attendance during live lectures is not mandatory, <u>but strongly encouraged</u>!

Quiz questions will be made available Thursdays at 1:00 pm on Moodle and must be submitted for credit no later than the following Wednesday at 9:00 am. Quiz questions can certainly be discussed amongst yourselves and with Dr. Walsh.

Midterm and final exams will be either in class or administered as quizzes on Moodle (depending on the developing COVD19 restrictions). Students are fully expected to write the exams individually and without communication between fellow students.

Course Textbook: Kirchman, D. <u>Processes in Microbial Ecology (second edition, but the first edition</u> <u>will do as well</u>). The textbook is not required but is suggested as a supplement to the lecture material. The course will follow the textbook, but is also developed from the primary scientific literature. Lecture material (*i.e.* power point slides) will be made available at the Moodle site prior to the beginning of each lecture.

Office Hours: Office hours with Dr. Walsh are held on Tuesday at 3:00-4:00 pm, either in person or through Zoom links available at Moodle (Biol 473 Remote Course Meetings/Dr. Walsh's office hours). The Waiting Room feature will be used to control personal student access to Dr. Walsh. Alternatively, please schedule an appointment if you wish to discuss the course outside of this time.

Student Evaluation

25%	Midterm exam	10%	Written assignments	10% Quizzes*
15%	Student presentation	40%	Final exam (cumulative)	

*Quizzes are a participation mark. Submit the quiz and get the marks.

Plagiarism: The most common offense under the Academic Code of Conduct is plagiarism, which the Code defines as "the presentation of the work of another person as one's own or without proper acknowledgement." This could be material copied word for word from books, journals, internet sites, professor's course notes, etc. It could be material that is paraphrased but closely resembles the original source. It could be the work of a fellow student, for example, an answer on a quiz, data for a lab report, a paper or assignment completed by another student. It might be a paper purchased through one of the many available sources. Plagiarism does not refer to words alone - it can also refer to copying images, graphs, tables, and ideas. "Presentation" is not limited to written work. It also includes oral presentations, computer assignments and artistic works. Finally, if you translate the work of another person into French or English and do not cite the source, this is also plagiarism. In Simple Words: *Do not copy, paraphrase or translate anything from anywhere without saying where you obtained it!*

Course topics	Chapter in Kirchman 2 nd (1 st)
Introduction to environmental microbiology	Ch. 1 (1)
Origin and early evolution of life	Ch. 2 (2)
Physical-chemical environment of microbes	Ch. 3 (3)
Community structure in natural environments	Ch. 4 (9)
Genomics and metagenomics	Ch. 5 (10)
Primary production and phototrophy	Ch. 6 (4)
Degradation of organic material	Ch. 7 (5)
Growth, biomass production, and controls	Ch. 8 (6)
Predation and protists	Ch. 9 (7)
Ecology of viruses	Ch. 10 (8)
Processes in anoxic environments	Ch. 11 (11)
Nitrogen cycle	Ch. 12 (12)
Symbioses and microbes	Ch. 14 (14)
Microbial bioremediation	-
Microbial production of biofuels	-

Important dates

Jan 10	First day of class		
Feb 23	Midterm exam		
Feb 28 - Mar 6	Midterm break		
Mar 29 & 31	Student symposium I: The human microbiome		
Apr 5 & 7	Student symposium II: Antibiotic resistance and discovery		
Apr 13	Last day of class		

Oral presentations (BIOL473 students)

Near the end of the semester, we will have two student symposiums on special topics in environmental microbiology. This year, those topics will be 1) **the human microbiome** and 2) **antibiotic resistance and discovery**. Working in pairs, students will present the findings of a recent research article on one of the two topics. The research articles are posted at the Moodle site and listed below. Students are asked to look through the research articles, select one of interest, and then sign up for the presentation at the course Moodle site. **Please sign up no later than 1-Feb-2022.** Sign up early to ensure you get the article that most interests you!

The presenters: Students will work in pairs to present the findings of a recent research article. Presentations on the human microbiome will take place on Mar 29th and Mar 31th. Presentations on antibiotic resistance and discovery will take place on Apr 5th and Apr 7th. Student presentations will be 10 minutes in length, followed by a 5-minute question/discussion period.

Preparing the presentation: Students are strongly encouraged to visit Dr. Walsh's office for help and input as they prepare their presentations. The content of the oral presentation should be as follows:

- 01. Introduction of the topic: Concisely present the background information that frames the current research article and the question/problem being examined. Most of this information will be referenced in the introduction of your paper. Read some of these key references to increase your familiarity with the topic and use NCBI pubmed to explore the topic more thoroughly. Be sure to describe the goal/objective of the research.
- *02. The methodology:* Provide an adequate description of the methods such that the results can be properly understood and interpreted. Given the time constraint, you do not need to present a detailed description, only a general overview.
- 03. The results and discussion: This is the most important part of the research and your presentation. Clearly and logically present a summary of the major findings of the research article. If nothing else, get the results right! Pay special attention to the order in which the results are presented in the article as they are most likely presented in a logical manner, the latter building on the former. Be sure to discuss the implications of the results. This is typically the most interesting part of the research article (and your presentation) because it is where the results are interpreted and their impact on our state of knowledge is presented.
- 04. The conclusions: Be sure to point out the major strength and weakness of the study. Also, many of the selected research articles were published a few years ago, therefore certain questions raised in the discussion of your paper may have already been addressed in the literature. Don't be afraid to investigate the impact of your research article by looking for additional articles where it has been referenced. Science is a continuum!

*Although you should present the methodology, this section should not necessarily be presented before the results. Instead, methodology can be incorporated in to the results that you present. **In preparing the presentation, students are **STRONGLY** encouraged to meet with Dr. Walsh for help and input.

The audience and written summaries (473/685A students): All students are expected to have read the research articles prior to the presentations (this material will be tested on the final exam). In addition, each student will be assigned a total of 4 papers for which they will be required to summarize and critique in written format. Papers for written summaries will be assigned once students have signed up for their oral presentations. The written summaries are expected to be between 400-600 words in length. The content of the written summaries should be the same as for the oral

presentations (see above). The summaries are due before the oral presentation of the research article. Late assignments will be docked by 50%.

Written minireviews (685 students only)

Graduate students will not be required to present a research article orally, but instead will be asked to compose a written minireview of a special topic that is of particular interest to them. This will allow students to explore a topic more deeply. The review should be focused and concise, can be somewhat speculative, and should suggest potential new lines of experimentation. There will be no strict format for the review, however it is suggested that students follow the general format for Minireviews published in the journal *Environmental Microbiology*. These short reviews consist of a Summary, Introduction and Concluding Remarks, which bracket the main text. See the following website for examples:

https://sfamjournals.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/hub/journal/14622920/homepage/minireviews.htm

Preparing the review: In preparing the review article, graduate students are **STRONGLY** encouraged to meet with Dr. Walsh for help and input. You should think of this as a publication quality review. In general, the review article should be prepared in the following stages (feel free to use Dr. Walsh as a critical reviewer of your work at any time in the process):

- 01. Selection of the topic: Students can either review a topic closely aligned with their thesis project OR take this opportunity to explore an additional topic of interest outside of their current area of training. It is suggested that students select a topic and inform Dr. Walsh within the first three weeks of the course.
- 02. Outline and organization of key references: A good place to start when reviewing a topic is to construct a 1-2 page outline (point form) of the main sections of the review. Also organizing the key references in the order in which you'd like to introduce them can help frame the review.
- 03. First written draft: From a solid outline, it can be reasonably simple to create the first draft of the review. Have other students or researchers in your lab read your first draft for comments. At this point what is important is the content of the review and that the ideas are presented in a logical manner. It doesn't have to sound pretty yet!
- *04. Final written draft:* After incorporating the comments of others, you are now ready to finalize the draft. Be sure your grammar, spelling, and references are correct.